

Genetron® ST-20 Flush

Version 1 Revision Date 06/23/2011 Print Date 02/27/2013

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name Genetron® ST-20 Flush

MSDS Number 00000013778

Product Use Description Solvent

Company Honeywell International, Inc.

101 Columbia Road

Morristown, NJ 07962-1057

For more information call 800-522-8001

(Monday-Friday, 9:00am-5:00pm)

In case of emergency call: Medical: 1-800-498-5701 or +1-651-523-0309

Transportation: 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887

(24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

: liquid Form

: colourless Color

: slight sweet ether-like Odor

: This product is not flammable at ambient temperatures and Hazard Summary

> atmospheric pressure. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Causes asphyxiation in high concentrations. The victim will not realize that he/she is suffocating. Inhalation may cause

central nervous system effects. May cause cardiac arrhythmia. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Do not breathe vapour. Irritating to eyes and skin. May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. At higher temperatures. (>250 C), decomposition products may include hydrofluoric acid (HF) and carbonyl halides. The ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2007) for Hydrogen Fluoride are TLV-TWA 0.5 ppm and Ceiling Exposure Limit 2 ppm.

Potential Health Effects

Skin : Irritating to skin.

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

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Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

May cause systemic poisoning with symptoms paralleling

those of inhalation.

Inhalation : Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Causes asphyxiation in high concentrations. The victim will

not realize that he/she is suffocating.

Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Effects of breathing high concentrations of vapour may

include:

Cardiac arrhythmias

Chronic Exposure : None known.

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Heart Liver

Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration
1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane	460-73-1	40.00 - 70.00 %
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	10.00 - 30.00 %
trans-Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	10.00 - 30.00 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Move to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is present. Call a physician. Do

not give drugs from adrenaline-ephedrine group.

Skin contact : After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before re-

use.



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Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician

immediately.

Notes to physician

Treatment : Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm,

catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the

control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point : not applicable

Lower explosion limit : None

Upper explosion limit : None

Suitable extinguishing

media

: The product is not flammable.

ASTM D 56-87

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: This product is not flammable at ambient temperatures and

atmospheric pressure.

However, this material can ignite when mixed with air under

pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be

produced such as: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbonyl halides

Gaseous hydrogen chloride (HCl). Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

Additional advice : This product is a mixture of a low-boiling non-flammable



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component and a flammable component. In the event of a liquid spill, the low-boiling non-flammable component will evaporate from the mixture faster, leaving a mixture enriched with the flammable component. The enriched mixture may be

flammable.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible

absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13).

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Handling : Wear personal protective equipment.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Perform filling operations only at stations with exhaust

ventilation facilities.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

: Can form a combustible mixture with air at pressures above

atmospheric pressure.

Keep product and empty container away from heat and

sources of ignition.

Storage



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Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store away from incompatible substances.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Keep in original packaging, tightly closed.

Protect from physical damage.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective measures : Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Engineering measures : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Perform filling operations only at stations with exhaust

ventilation facilities.

Eye protection : Wear as appropriate:

Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes

Hand protection : Impervious butyl rubber gloves

Neoprene gloves

Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

Replace when worn.

Skin and body protection : Wear as appropriate:

Solvent-resistant gloves

Solvent-resistant apron and boots If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Protective suit

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator.

For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.



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Keep working clothes separately.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the

product.

Exposure Guidelines

1,1,1,3,3- 460-73-1 WEEL TWA 300 ppm 1,644 mg/m3

Pentafluoropropane

1,1,1,2- 811-97-2 HONEYWELL TWA 1,000 ppm

Tetrafluoroethane

WEEL TWA 1,000 ppm 4,240

mg/m3

trans-Dichloroethylene 156-60-5 ACGIH TWA 200 ppm

NIOSH REL 200 ppm 790 mg/m3

OSHA Z1 PEL 200 ppm 790 mg/m3

OSHA Z1A TWA 200 ppm 790 mg/m3

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : liquid

Color : colourless

Odor : slight sweet ether-like

pH : neutral

Freezing point : not determined

Boiling point/boiling range : 15 °C (59 °F)

Vapor pressure : 1,310 hPa

at 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative vapour density : not determined

Density : not determined

Water solubility : not determined

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.35

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1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245fa)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.06

1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid : Protect from heat/overheating.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid : Calcium

Magnesium Aluminium Zinc Potassium

Finely divided aluminium

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Halogenated compounds

Carbonyl halides Carbon dioxide (CO2) Hydrogen halides

Hazardous reactions : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity

trans-Dichloroethylene : LD50: 1,235 mg/kg

Species: rat

Acute inhalation toxicity

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : LC50: > 200000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Species: rat Note: No deaths

Evidence of transient anesthetic effect.

LC50: > 100000 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Species: mouse Note: No deaths

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Evidence of transient underactivity during exposure.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane : LC50: > 500000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

trans-Dichloroethylene : LC50: > 24100 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

Acute dermal toxicity

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Species: rabbit

trans-Dichloroethylene : LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg

Species: rabbit

Skin irritation

trans-Dichloroethylene : Species: rabbit

Result: Moderate skin irritation

Eye irritation

trans-Dichloroethylene : Species: rabbit

Result: Moderate eye irritation

Sensitisation

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: No effects noted at 35,000 ppm, the threshold for induction of cardiac arrhythmias in the presence of injected

adrenalin was 44,000 ppm.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane : Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: No-observed-effect level

50 000 ppm

Lowest observable effect level

75 000 ppm

Repeated dose toxicity

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : Species: rat

NOEL: 50000 ppm Embryotoxicity Not a teratogen



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Species: rat (pups) NOEL: 50000 ppm

Species: rat (dams) NOEL: 2000 ppm

due to decrease in body weight gains at 10,000 ppm and

50,000 ppm

Species: rat

Method: 2 Generation Inhalation Toxicity

Exposures 6hrs/day, 7 days/wk at 0(control), 2000, 10,000

and 50,000 ppm.

Species: rat (dams)

Toxicity seen in dams at 10,000 and 50,000 ppm and in pups

at 50,000 ppm.

Increased mortality late in the lactation phase of the study.

Species: rat

28-day Inhalation Study

NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 50,000 ppm

NOEL - 500 ppm

Dose levels: 0,500, 2000, 10,000 and 50,000 ppm

Species: rat

90-day Inhalation Study

Dose levels: 0,500, 2000, 10,000 and 50,000 ppm NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 2,000 ppm

Overall, subchronic studies showed dose-related increases in urinary fluoride levels, urine volumes and water consumption. Increases were noted in hematological parameters, BUN levels and serum liver enzyme activities (GOT, GPT). These increases did not follow a dose response; however, they indicate that HFC-245fa is metabolized in the liver. Significant recovery was noted in these parameters following a 2-week, non-exposure period which followed the 28-day exposure period. No histopathological effects were noted in the 28-day study. The 90-day study noted an increase in incidence and severity (trace to moderate) of mycarditis (inflammation of the heart muscle) at 10,000 and 50,000 ppm. This was not noted at the 500 or 2,000 ppm dose levels nor was it seen the 28-day study at 50,000 ppm.

day study at 50,000 ppm.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane : Species: rat

NOEL: 40000 ppm

trans-Dichloroethylene : Species: rat

NOEL: 4000 ppm 90-day Inhalation Study



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Species: rat

Method: Embryotoxicity

Not a teratogen Foetal toxicity

at maternally toxic concentrations.

Species: rat (pups) NOEL: 12000 ppm Skeletal malformation decrease in body weight

Species: rat (dams) NOEL: 6000 ppm

Genotoxicity in vitro

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : Cell type: Human lymphocytes

Result: Weak positive activation without S9 at 30% v/v; not

active with S9 up to 70% v/v.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane : Note: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

trans-Dichloroethylene : Note: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

: Test Method: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with or without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : Species: mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Result: negative

Further information : Note: Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation

by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Rapid evaporation

of the liquid may cause frostbite. Avoid skin contact with

leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity to fish



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1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : EC50: > 81.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

NOEC: > 10 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates. 1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : EC50: > 97.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Species: Daphnia

NOEC: > 97.9 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Toxicity to algae

1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane : Growth inhibition

EC50: > 118 mg/l Species: Algae

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Further information on ecology

Additional ecological

information

: This product is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations at 40 CFR Part 82.

This product contains greenhouse gases which may

contribute to global warming. Do NOT vent to the atmosphere. To comply with provisions of the U.S. Clean Air Act, any

residual must be recovered.

Refer to sections 610 and 612 for list of acceptable and

unacceptable uses for this product. Further information on ecology

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Information: Observe all Federal, State, and Local Environmental regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, non-flammable



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> Class 2.2

Packing group

Hazard Labels 2.2

UN/ID No. : UN 1950 IATA

> Description of the goods : Aerosols, non-flammable

Class : 2.2 Hazard Labels : 2.2 : 203 Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction : 203

(passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction : Y203

(passenger aircraft)

IMDG UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Description of the goods : Aerosols, non-flammable

Class : 2.2 Hazard Labels : 2.2 EmS Number : F-D Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Inventories

1907/2006 (EU) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

US. Toxic Substances

Control Act

: On TSCA Inventory

Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and

Assessment) Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Canada, Canadian **Environmental Protection** Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL).

(Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 144)

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law

List

: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Korea. Existing Chemicals

Inventory (KECI)

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory



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Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control

: Not in compliance with the inventory

Act

: 1,1,1,3,3-Pentafluoropropane 460-73-1

China. Inventory of Existing

Chemical Substances

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published by ERMA New

published by ERMA New Zealand

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

National regulatory information

SARA 313 Components : trans-Dichloroethylene 156-60-5

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

CERCLA Reportable

Quantity

: 6452 lbs

California Prop. 65 : This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of

California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other

reproductive harm.

Massachusetts RTK : trans-Dichloroethylene 156-60-5

New Jersey RTK : trans-Dichloroethylene 156-60-5

Pennsylvania RTK : trans-Dichloroethylene 156-60-5

WHMIS Classification : D2B

Α

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria

of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information

required by the CPR.



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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

	HMIS III	NFPA
Health hazard	: 2	2
Flammability	: 1	1
Physical Hazard	: 1	
Instability	:	1